如何备考Task 2

- 1. 准备2个模板
- 2. 200个题目中文会说
- 3. 背100个句子
- 4. 写5篇, 仔细修改

第八章 10大常用理由

1.Money

Study abroad lays a heavy financial burden on the students' families.

Students have to spend a large sum of money on the tuition fees and the living expenses.

It is not easy for ordinary families to cover its high expenses. Travelers have to spend a large sum of money.

Traveling lays a heavy financial burden on their families.

2.Physical health

Examinations are harmful to students' physical health.

Because students spend too much time preparing examinations, they often ignore outdoor activities and physical exercises. 3.Psychological health
Study abroad helps to cultivate students' independence.

Study abroad can easily lead to students' psychological problems.

Study abroad is harmful to students' mental health.

3. Psychological health

Because they live far away from their parents, relatives and friends, they often suffer from psychological problems such as loneliness and homesickness.

Examinations can easily lead to students' psychological problems.

3.Psychological health
Students face fierce competition and suffer from great pressure.

Some of them may even choose to commit suicide, although this is rare.

4.fair/unfair

It is fair to require students to pay for their tuition fees.

It is the government's responsibility to support them.

5.time

Examinations bring us great convenience and efficiency.

Examinations are a convenient and efficient way to measure students' knowledge and ability.

With examinations, we can evaluate students' ability conveniently and efficiently.

6.entertainment
Internet brings us a lot of entertainments.

7.education

Examinations play an essential role in education.

Study abroad broadens our horizons.

It can widen our sights.

8.safe/dangerous Traveling may be dangerous for travelers.

Travelers may be in danger because they are not familiar with the local surroundings.

9.necessary/unnecessary Up to now, no other methods have been discovered to replace examinations.

Examinations are still regarded as the only reliable and feasible method which we can take.

Other methods are too time-consuming and therefore they are infeasible.

9.necessary/unnecessary

Nowadays we have not found out other methods which can replace examinations.

10.useful/useless

Examinations can evaluate one's knowledge and ability.

第九章 各话题相关句子

一、大学教育

College is a place where students can gain more new knowledge and experience.

大学是一个让学生获得更多新知识与新经验的地方。

College study can be best defined as a preparation for one's future life. 对大学学习最好的定义就是一个人对未来生活的准备。

Students can learn how to arrange time efficiently.

学生能够学习怎样有效地安排时间。

This experience is of great importance for their work and life in the future.

这个经历对于他们未来工作和生活是非常重要的。

Studying in college gives students an opportunity to live with others and learn to cooperate with others. 大学学习给学生一个与别人生活和学习与别人合作的机会。

First of all, social progress needs overall-developed college graduates in the long run.

首先,从长远看,社会进步需要全面发展的大学毕业生。

Firstly, going to college is very useful. 首先,上大学很有用。 Secondly, one's success, especially financial success, is not determined by whether or not he has been educated in college.
第二,一个人的成功确实不是由有无

读过大学而决定的。

It seems that work experience and opportunity play a more important role in this aspect.

似乎是,在这一方面,经验和机遇似乎发挥了更重要的作用。

So far as employment is concerned, those who have received a college education naturally have more chances than those who have not. 从就业角度讲,读过大学的就是要比没有读过大学的更有机会。

Therefore, if one has the chance, it is more advisable for him to go to college.

因此,如果有条件,还是读大学为好。