- ●划重点
- 主语原则
- ●专有名词和数字
- ◎ 题目大意,一般由名词构成

题目大意:划出题目中的少量词汇代表题目大意。优先考虑名词,如果名词不能代表题目大意,再考虑动词和形容词。

● 例一: The scientific study has shown that eating fewer calories can extend human life.

● 例二: Did not succeed in its aim.

- ◎ 阅读题型
- Matching
- Information containing
- True/False/Not Given
- Summary
- List of Headings

- Multiple choice
- Short answer
- Sentences completion
- Flow chart Table